

A clear, impartial guide to **Property auctions**



rics.org/consumerguides

Contents

Introduction	3
About RICS	3
Buying at auction	4
Selling at auction	7
Useful links	9
Free RICS guides	10
Further information	
Find a Surveyor	

Introduction

Property auctions have become increasingly popular with both buyers and sellers – whether they're owners, occupiers, developers or investors.

If you're thinking of buying or selling a property at auction, it may be in your interests to make sure the auctioneer is an RICS member.

This guide aims to tell you more about the auction process from both a buyer and seller's point of view, and what you can expect.

About RICS

RICS is the largest organisation for professionals working in property, land and construction worldwide. If you're selling a property at auction, you may want to use an auctioneer who is an RICS member. If you're looking to buy a property at auction, an RICS member can ensure the investment you make is a sound one.

Using the services of RICS members offers real peace of mind because:

- they give you clear, impartial and expert advice
- they have strict rules of conduct to protect you – including appropriate insurance
- RICS members have to update their skills and knowledge throughout their careers, so you can rely on their expertise
- you are further protected by their formal complaints service and access to independent redress, for example through an Ombudsman scheme.

Buying at auction

Advantages of buying at auction

Buying at auction has become a more popular method of purchase in recent years. The main advantages are:

- certainty, control and transparency as a buyer, you are in control, deciding when to bid and how high you wish to go. A purchaser is able to buy the property at a price that was achieved competitively against other bidders in a transparent process, and if your bid is successful, then the property is yours on completion. The seller cannot withdraw
- it is possible to buy properties quickly. If you are well organised, properly advised and have the requisite financial resources, you can exchange contracts in a matter of days. If the auctioneer is following RICS Common Auction Conditions, completion will be 20 working days after the auction
- you may find properties are on offer with attractive low guide prices, although the eventual sale price will be determined by the level of competition in the room.

Before the auction

As a potential buyer, your first step is to get a copy of the catalogue from the auctioneer. This contains the 'lots' (properties) to be auctioned. You may want to view the property you plan to bid on before auction.

Always deal with the auctioneer direct – this way you can be sure you have the most accurate and up-to-date information. If you're viewing online, make sure you're looking at the auctioneer's official website, not one of the many listing sites that have no connection with them.

Look through the following general information:

- the Important Notice to Bidders
- the Memorandum of Sale
- the general conditions of sale (many auctioneers already use RICS Common Auction Conditions, which you can download free from our website at www.rics.org/cac).

Try to get hold of the specific information relating to the lot (or lots) you're thinking of buying. From the seller's solicitor you need:

- the legal pack, which contains documents such as the title information, searches and leasehold documents
- any special conditions of sale.

From the auctioneer you need:

- the guide price, which can change throughout the marketing period. It's worth checking what the auctioneer defines as the guide price too – for instance, they may call it 'the seller's minimum price expectation'
- any addendum, which you can get before or at the auction – this tells you about any additions or amendments to the catalogue that have come up and might affect the sale of the property
- confirmation of all of the auctioneer's fees ahead of the auction.

It's worth keeping in regular contact with the auctioneer so you know about any additions or amendments to the catalogue that have come up and might affect the sale of the property. Before you decide whether or not you should bid, make sure the information you've been given about the property is correct – it's worth getting professional advice and both a valuation and an appropriate survey before you buy [see the free RICS guide Home surveys for further information, available at www.rics.org/homesurveys].

Finally, you need to arrange finance – both for the exchange (normally a 10% deposit) and completion. If the auctioneer is following RICS

Common Auction Conditions, completion will be 20 working days after the auction.

Once you've decided to bid, tell the auctioneer you're interested in the property and keep in regular contact.

Next, you need to find out what the auctioneer's procedures are for the following:

- proxy, internet or telephone bidding (if you or your solicitor or agent can't attend the auction)
- signing the Memorandum of Sale, and responsibility for insurance on the property from and including the auction day. Generally, insurance on the property is up to the buyer as soon as the hammer falls
- paying the deposit
- VAT the auctioneer will ask the seller whether or not the sale is subject to VAT. If so, you need to know the impact of VAT on the deposit and completion amounts
- checking your ID
- pre-registration.

The immediate run-up to the auction

On the morning of the auction (or last thing on the day prior to the auction) it is worth calling the auctioneers and checking that the property your wish to bid for has not been withdrawn or already sold. This may save an unnecessary journey and related travel cost.



Auction day

Make sure you arrive at the auction in time to check the addendum for any changes relating to the lot you want. Also, listen out for any announcements about the lot in the auctioneer's opening remarks.

When the lot is sold

Before the hammer goes down, the auctioneer points to the highest bidder and states the final amount bid. Once the hammer falls, there is a binding contract, which is subject to the conditions of sale.

If you're the buyer, a member of the auction team will then approach you to get the information they need to complete the Memorandum of Sale and other relevant documentation. They'll also ask you to pay the deposit and supply your ID.

When the lot is unsold

If a lot doesn't reach its reserve price, the auctioneer says it hasn't been sold and doesn't bring down the hammer.

If this happens with your prospective lot, make sure you leave your contact details with the auction team so you can find out about any post-auction sale.

If you are still unclear about anything then contact the auctioneers who should be able to provide you with further information.

Selling at auction

The advantages of selling at auction are:

- certainty properties are not sold 'subject to contract' in the same way as through a traditional estate agency sale method. The successful bidder is legally obliged to complete the sale once the gavel falls
- good marketing exposure many auctioneers advertise in national, local and trade press
- speed sale is relatively quick and completion usually takes place 20 working days after the auction if the auctioneer is using RICS Common Auction Conditions, which you can download from our website at www.rics.org/cac

Before the auction

If you want to sell a property at auction, first ask the auctioneer's advice about its saleability, and what they would recommend as the guide and reserve prices.

Once you've checked the date and venue of the proposed auction, ask the auctioneer for details of the terms of appointment. You need to agree these before the auctioneer does anything.

Auctioneers have to follow a number of statutory regulations including the Estate Agents Act 1979. RICS members must also follow the RICS Rules of Conduct. The terms of appointment will include:

- their commission if the property sells at auction, or if it's withdrawn of sold before the auction, or sold after the auction
- any extra charges and whether you're liable for them.

The terms of appointment will also include the auctioneer's right to:

- end or change the appointment
- instruct your solicitor to prepare the legal pack and special conditions of sale, and to attend the auction
- act on your behalf in the auction room, including signing the Memorandum of Sale
- manage things in the auction room, including the bidding increments
- sell the property at the reserve price or above.

You also have to agree procedures for the following with the auctioneer:

- amendments to the reserve and guide price
- putting up sale boards at the property
- exclusive advertising, including cost
- inspections by potential buyers
- proxy, internet and telephone bidding
- identifying the successful bidder, getting the deposit cheque and signing the Memorandum of Sale
- dealing with any unsold lots.

The terms of appointment will include a warranty that the information you've supplied, or has been supplied on your behalf, is accurate. You also need to be aware of any disclaimers.

In most cases, the auctioneer will be your sole agent. However, if you want to take on an associate auctioneer, they'll need to agree their respective responsibilities, duties and fees with the auctioneer.

Both you and your solicitor need to see the auctioneer's general conditions of sale. These are often RICS Common Auction Conditions, see **www.rics.org/cac**

Anti-money laundering regulations mean the auctioneer has to carry out money laundering checks, including proof of identity and address, as soon as they can.

Auction particulars

The next step is preparing the auction particulars. These may form part of your auction contract, and include any plans or photos of the property, which mush be as up-to-date as possible. The particulars must be factual and accurate, complying with the Property Misdescriptions Act 1991. You need to liaise with your solicitor to make sure you've revealed anything that could affect the sale of the property to the auctioneer – for instance public health notices, local land charges, major arrears of rent or service charge, or disputes. While the auction properties are being advertised, the auctioneer should tell you about the level of interest in your property and let you know if you get any prior offers, unless their terms of appointment state otherwise.

Auction day

If the lot is sold

Even though you'll probably be at the auction, when the hammer comes down it signifies a binding contract, and it's the auctioneer or clerk who signs and exchanges the Memorandum of Sale with the buyer and collects the deposit.

If the auctioneer is using the RICS Common Auction Conditions, completion will be 20 working days after the auction.

If the lot is unsold

If the lot doesn't reach your reserve price, you need to know what the auctioneer's procedure is for dealing with unsold lots.

Useful links

Here are some useful contact numbers and website addresses:

RICS www.rics.org

Essential Information Group **www.eigroup.co.uk**

Focus www.focusnet.co.uk

Investment Property Databank **www.ipd.com**

Property Mall www.propertymall.com

Which? www.which.co.uk

HM Revenue & Customs www.hmrc.gov.uk

Land Registry www.landregistry.gov.uk

Council of Mortgage Lenders **www.cml.org.uk**

Law Society www.lawsociety.org.uk

The Law Society of Scotland **www.lawscot.org.uk**

Registers of Scotland **www.ros.gov.uk**

Free RICS guides

RICS has a range of free guides available for the property issues listed here.

Development issues

Compulsory purchase Home extensions

Home hazards

Dilapidations Flooding Japanese knotweed Subsidence

Neighbour issues

Boundary disputes Party walls Right to light

Residential

Buying a home Buying and selling art and antiques at auction Home surveys Letting a property Property auctions Renting a property Selling a home

Further information

We hope this guide is useful to you. If you'd like to know more about property auctions, or how RICS can help, please contact us.

Visit our website

rics.org/consumerguides

alternatively email

contactrics@rics.org or call the RICS Contact Centre 02476 868 555

Consumer helplines

RICS offers telephone helplines giving you 30 minutes of free advice on:

- Boundary disputes
- Party walls
- Compulsory purchase.

Just call **02476 868 555** and you will be put in touch with an RICS member local to you, willing to provide a free 30 minute initial consultation. Lines are open

0830 -1730 (GMT), Monday to Friday.

Find a Surveyor

Contact us if you want to find independent, impartial advice from a qualified professional with good local knowledge. Look out for firms that are 'Regulated by RICS'. Estate agents and surveying firms that are regulated by RICS are easy to spot as they use 'Regulated by RICS' on their stationery and promotional material.

To find an RICS firm in your area visit

www.ricsfirms.com

alternatively email

contactrics@rics.org or call the RICS Contact Centre 02476 868 555



6

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Advancing standards in land, property and construction.

RICS is the world's leading qualification when it comes to professional standards in land, property and construction.

In a world where more and more people, governments, banks and commercial organisations demand greater certainty of **professional standards and ethics**, attaining RICS status is the recognised **mark of property professionalism**.

Over **100 000 property professionals** working in the major established and emerging economies of the world have already recognised the importance of securing RICS status by becoming members.

RICS is an **independent** professional body originally established in the UK by Royal Charter. Since 1868, RICS has been committed to setting and upholding the **highest standards of excellence and integrity** – providing **impartial**, **authoritative advice** on key issues affecting businesses and society.

RICS is a **regulator** of both its individual members and firms enabling it to **maintain the highest standards** and providing the basis for **unparalleled client confidence** in the sector.

RICS has a worldwide network. For further information simply contact the relevant RICS office or our Contact Centre.

RICS HQ

Parliament Square, London SW1P 3AD United Kingdom

Worldwide media enquiries:

e pressoffice@rics.org

Contact Centre:

- e contactrics@rics.org
- t +44 (0)24 7686 8555
- f +44 [0]20 7334 3811

United Kingdom

Parliament Square London SW1P 3AD United Kingdom t +44 (0)24 7686 8555 f +44 (0)20 7334 3811 contactrics@rics.org

Africa

PO Box 3400 Witkoppen 2068 South Africa

t +27 11 467 2857 f +27 86 514 0655 ricsafrica@rics.org Europe (excluding United Kingdom and Ireland)

Rue Ducale 67 1000 Brussels Belgium t +32 2 733 10 19 f +32 2 742 97 48 ricseurope@rics.org

Ireland

38 Merrion Square Dublin 2 Ireland t +353 1 644 5500 f +353 1 661 1797 ricsireland@rics.org

Asia

Room 2203 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong t +852 2537 7117 f +852 2537 2756 ricsasia@rics.org

Oceania

Suite 2, Level 16 1 Castlereagh Street Sydney, NSW 2000 Australia t +61 2 9216 2333 f +61 2 9232 5591 info@rics.org.au

Americas

One Grand Central Place 60 East 42nd Street Suite 2810 New York 10165 - 2811 USA t +1 212 847 7400 f +1 212 847 7401 ricsamericas@rics.org

Middle East

Office G14, Block 3 Knowledge Village Dubai United Arab Emirates t +971 4 375 3074 f +971 4 427 2498 ricsmenea@rics.org

South America

Rua Maranhão, 584 - cj 104 São Paulo - SP Brasil t +55 11 3562 9989 f +55 11 3562 9999 ricsbrasil@rics.org

India

48 6 49 Centrum Plaza Sector Road Sector 53, Gurgaon - 122002 India t +91 124 459 5400 ricsindia@rics.org

rics.org